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10	Attorneys for Plaintiff, Jacqueline Garcia				
11 12 13 14 15	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA WESTERN DIVISION				
16		Ruda Co			
17	Jacqueline Garcia,	Case No.!! 12-7578-55			
18	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES			
19		1. VIOLATION OF FAIR DEBT			
20	vs.	COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT, 15 U.S.C. § 1692 ET. SEQ;			
21	RMS - Recovery Management Service	es, 2. VIOLATION OF FAIR DEBT			
22	Inc.; and DOES 1-10, inclusive,	COLLECTION PRATICES ACT, CAL.CIV.CODE § 1788 ET. SEQ.			
23	Defendants.				
24		JURY TRIAL DEMANDED			
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li		COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES			

For this Complaint, the Plaintiff, Jacqueline Garcia, by undersigned counsel, states as follows:

JURISDICTION

- 1. This action arises out of Defendants' repeated violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692, et seq. ("FDCPA"), and the invasions of Plaintiff's personal privacy by the Defendants and its agents in their illegal efforts to collect a consumer debt.
 - 2. Supplemental jurisdiction exists pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
- 3. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b), in that Defendants transact business here and a substantial portion of the acts giving rise to this action occurred here.

PARTIES

- 4. The Plaintiff, Jacqueline Garcia (hereafter "Plaintiff"), is an adult individual residing in Glendale, California, and is a "consumer" as the term is defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(3).
- 5. Defendant, RMS Recovery Management Services, Inc. ("RMS"), is an Illinois business entity with an address of 222 N. LaSalle Street #300, Chicago, Illinois 60601, operating as a collection agency, and is a "debt collector" as the term is defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6).

- 6. Does 1-10 (the "Collectors") are individual collectors employed by RMS and whose identities are currently unknown to the Plaintiff. One or more of the Collectors may be joined as parties once their identities are disclosed through discovery.
 - 7. RMS at all times acted by and through one or more of the Collectors.

ALLEGATIONS APPLICABLE TO ALL COUNTS

A. The Debt

- 8. The Plaintiff allegedly incurred a financial obligation in the approximate amount of \$15,000.00 (the "Debt") for a student loan to creditor (the "Creditor").
- 9. The Debt arose from services provided by the Creditor which were primarily for family, personal or household purposes and which meets the definition of a "debt" under 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(5).
- 10. The Debt was purchased, assigned or transferred to RMS for collection, or RMS was employed by the Creditor to collect the Debt.
- 11. The Defendants attempted to collect the Debt and, as such, engaged in "communications" as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(2).

B. RMS Engages in Harassment and Abusive Tactics

12. Within the last year, RMS contacted Plaintiff in an attempt to collect the Debt.

- 13. RMS called Plaintiff at an excessive rate, placing approximately two calls to Plaintiff's cellular phone on a daily basis.
 - 14. RMS caused Plaintiff's telephone to ring before 8 a.m.
- 15. During numerous conversations, Plaintiff offered to make small monthly payments toward the Debt until the obligation was fully satisfied.
- 16. RMS refused payments offered by Plaintiff, and often times laughed at Plaintiff and used a condescending manner. RMS told Plaintiff that it was too late to make payments, and demanded that Plaintiff pay the Debt in full immediately.
- 17. RMS oftentimes used loud and aggressive tone with Plaintiff, yelling and interrupting Plaintiff in an effort to intimidate Plaintiff into making an immediate payment.
 - 18. RMS repeatedly terminated the call while Plaintiff was in mid-sentence.
- 19. RMS threatened to visit Plaintiff at her place of employment and publicly embarrass Plaintiff for not paying the Debt.
- 20. To date, no payment toward the Debt was made by Plaintiff and no legal action has been taken as threatened.
- 21. The treatment from RMS caused Plaintiff to feel oppressed and humiliated.
- 22. RMS failed to inform Plaintiff of her rights in writing as it is required by law.

C. Plaintiff Suffered Actual Damages

- 23. The Plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer actual damages as a result of the Defendants' unlawful conduct.
- 24. As a direct consequence of the Defendants' acts, practices and conduct, the Plaintiff suffered and continues to suffer from humiliation, anger, anxiety, emotional distress, fear, frustration and embarrassment.
- 25. The Defendants' conduct was so outrageous in character, and so extreme in degree, as to go beyond all possible bounds of decency, and to be regarded as atrocious, and utterly intolerable in a civilized community.

VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT 15 U.S.C. § 1692, et seq.

- 26. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein.
- 27. The Defendants contacted the Plaintiff before 8:00 a.m. and after 9:00 p.m., in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692c(a)(1).
- 28. The Defendants engaged in behavior the natural consequence of which was to harass, oppress, or abuse the Plaintiff in connection with the collection of a debt, in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692d.

- 29. The Defendants caused a phone to ring repeatedly and engaged the Plaintiff in telephone conversations, with the intent to annoy and harass, in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692d(5).
- 30. The Defendants misrepresented the legal status of the debt, in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(2).
- 31. The Defendants used unfair and unconscionable means to collect a debt, in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692f.
- 32. The Defendants failed to send Plaintiff an initial letter within five days of its initial contact with Plaintiff as required by law, in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(a).
- 33. The foregoing acts and omissions of the Defendants constitute numerous and multiple violations of the FDCPA, including every one of the above-cited provisions.
- 34. The Plaintiff is entitled to damages as a result of the Defendants' violations.

<u>COUNT II</u> <u>VIOLATION OF THE ROSENTHAL FAIR DEBT COLLECTION</u> <u>PRACTICES ACT, Cal. Civ. Code § 1788 et seq.</u>

35. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein.

- 36. The Rosenthal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, California Civil Code section 1788 et seq. ("Rosenthal Act") prohibits unfair and deceptive acts and practices in the collection of consumer debts.
- 37. RMS, in the regular course of business, engages in debt collection and is a "debt collector" as defined by Cal. Civ. Code § 1788.2(c).
- 38. The Defendants threatened to communicate to other parties that the Plaintiff was engaged in conduct which the Defendant knew to be defamatory, in violation of Cal. Civ. Code § 1788.10(c).
- 39. The Defendants caused a telephone to ring repeatedly and engaged the Plaintiff in continuous conversations with an intent to annoy the Plaintiff, in violation of Cal. Civ. Code § 1788.11(d).
- 40. The Defendants communicated with the Plaintiff with such frequency as to be considered harassment, in violation of Cal. Civ. Code § 1788.11(e).
- 41. The Defendants failed to comply with the provisions of 15 U.S.C. § 1692, et seq., in violation of Cal. Civ. Code § 1788.13(e).
- 42. The Defendants falsely represented that a legal proceeding had been or was about to be instituted unless the debt was paid immediately, in violation of Cal. Civ. Code § 1788.13(j).
- 43. The Defendants did not comply with the provisions of Title 15, Section 1692 of the United States Code, in violation of Cal. Civ. Code § 1788.17.

44. The Plaintiff is entitled to damages as a result of the Defendants' violations.

COUNT III INVASION OF PRIVACY BY INTRUSION UPON SECLUSION

- 45. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein.
- 46. The Restatement of Torts, Second, § 652B defines intrusion upon seclusion as, "One who intentionally intrudes...upon the solitude or seclusion of another, or his private affairs or concerns, is subject to liability to the other for invasion of privacy, if the intrusion would be highly offensive to a reasonable person."
- 47. California further recognizes the Plaintiff's right to be free from invasions of privacy, thus the Defendants violated California state law.
- 48. The Defendants intentionally intruded upon Plaintiff's right to privacy by continually harassing Plaintiff with above referenced telephone calls and threats in an attempt to collect the Debt.
- 49. The telephone calls made by the Defendants to Plaintiff were so persistent and repeated with such frequency as to be considered, "hounding the plaintiff," and, "a substantial burden to her existence," thus satisfying the Restatement of Torts, Second, § 652B requirement for an invasion of privacy.

- 50. The conduct of the Defendants in engaging in the illegal collection activities resulted in multiple invasions of privacy in such a way as would be considered highly offensive to a reasonable person.
- 51. As a result of the intrusions and invasions, the Plaintiff is entitled to actual damages in an amount to be determined at trial from the Defendants.
- 52. All acts of the Defendants and its agents were committed with malice, intent, wantonness, and recklessness, and as such, the Defendants are subject to punitive damages.

COUNT IV INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

- 53. The Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein at length.
- 54. The acts, practices and conduct engaged in by the Defendants vis-à-vis the Plaintiff was so outrageous in character, and so extreme in degree, as to go beyond all possible bounds of decency, and to be regarded as atrocious, and utterly intolerable in a civilized community.
- 55. The foregoing conduct constitutes the tort of intentional infliction of emotional distress under the laws of the State of California.

- 56. All acts of Defendants and the Collectors complained of herein were committed with malice, intent, wantonness, and recklessness, and as such, Defendants are subject to imposition of punitive damages.
- 57. Defendants could reasonably foresee its conduct would cause mental anguish and severe emotional distress to Plaintiff.
- 58. Plaintiff did indeed suffer mental anguish and severe emotional distress including post-traumatic stress, paranoia, and depression.
- 59. Defendant's conduct resulted in reckless infliction of emotional distress under the laws of the State of California.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiff prays that judgment be entered against the Defendants:

- A. Actual damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a)(1) against the Defendants;
- B. Statutory damages of \$1,000.00 pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1692k(a)(2)(A) against the Defendants;
- C. Costs of litigation and reasonable attorney's fees pursuant to 15 U.S.C.§ 1692k(a)(3) against the Defendants;
- D. Actual damages pursuant to Cal. Civ. Code § 1788.30(a);

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- E. Statutory damages of \$1,000.00 for knowingly and willfully committing violations pursuant to Cal. Civ. Code § 1788.30(b);
- F. Actual damages from the Defendants for the all damages including emotional distress suffered as a result of the intentional, reckless, and/or negligent FDCPA violations and intentional, reckless, and/or negligent invasions of privacy and intentional infliction of emotional distress in an amount to be determined at trial for the Plaintiff;
- G. Punitive damages; and
- H. Such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

TRIAL BY JURY DEMANDED ON ALL COUNTS

DATED: August 31, 2012 TAMMY HUSSIN

By:____

Tammy Hussin, Esq.

Lemberg & Associates, LLC

Attorney for Plaintiff, Jacqueline Garcia

Tammy Hussin Lemberg & Associates, LLC 6404 Merlin Drive Carlsbad, California 92011 Telephone: (855) 301-2100 Ext. 5514 Facsimile: (203) 653-3424

CV-01A (12/07)

UNITED	STATES	DISTRIC	CT COURT	ľ
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CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
Jacqueline Garcia	CASE NUMBER				
v. RMS - Recovery Management Services, Inc.; and DOES 1-10, inclusive, DEFENDANT(S).	CV12-7578 -SS summons				
TO: DEFENDANT(S): RMS A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it), you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached ☑ complaint ☐ amended complaint ☐ counterclaim ☐ cross-claim or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff's attorney, Tammy Hussin, of counsel Lemberg & Associates, whose address is 6404 Merlin Drive, Carlsbad, CA 92011. If you fail to do so, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court. Clerk, U.S. District Court					
Dated: SEP - 5 2012	By: Makey Jan. Deputy Clerk (Seal of the Court)				
[Use 60 days if the defendant is the United States or a United States 60 days by Rule 12(a)(3)].	agency, or is an officer or employee of the United States. Allowed				

SUMMONS